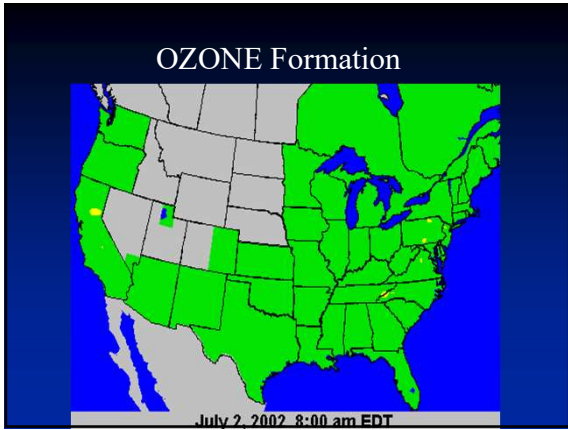


Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



Course Overview

- Plastic resin uses
- Plastic resin theory / operation
- Air pollution control devices
- Implementing regulations
- Typical permit conditions
- Inspection procedures
- Federal regulations



Uses of Polyester Resins

- Aircraft / Aerospace / Automotive
- Marine / Railroad applications
- Electrical / Electronic components
- Construction / Building materials
- Packaging materials
- Consumer / Institutional products
- Corrosion resistant products
- Business equipment
- Furniture / Furnishings

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



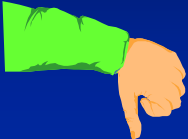
Advantages

- Structural strength & rigidity
- Heat resistance
- Corrosion resistance
- Dielectric strength
- Design flexibility
- Low finish cost
- Moisture resistance
- Reuse & recycle
- Light weight
- Durable

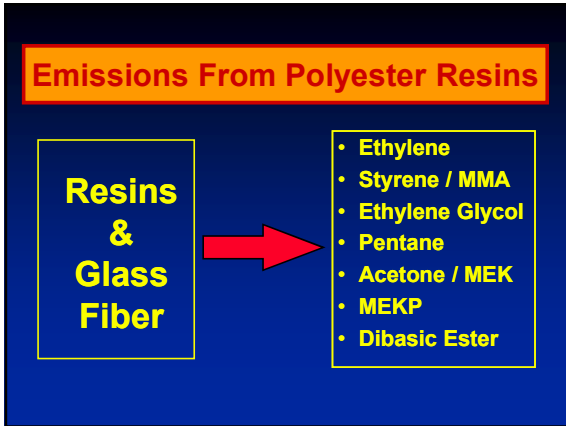


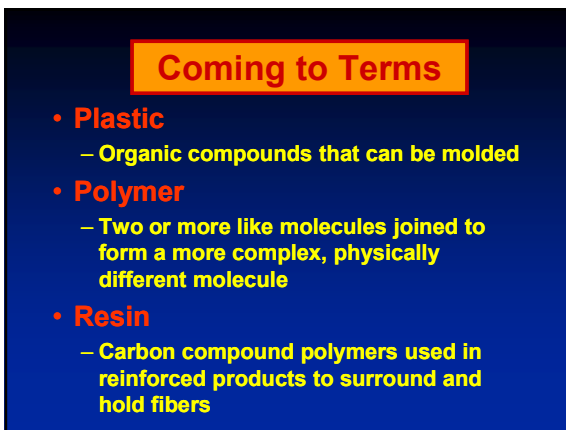
Disadvantages

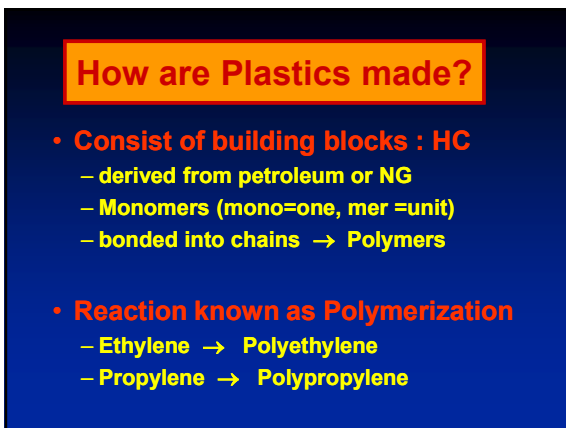
- VOC emissions
- Toxicity issues
- Flammability
- Storage
- Disposal



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



Common Plastic Materials

- Polycarbonate
- Polyethylene
- Polystyrene
- Polypropylene
- Polyurethane
- Polyvinyl Chloride
- Polyesters

Polycarbonates

- Created to compete with die-cast metals
- Strong, tough & rigid
- Excellent electrical insulators
- Mostly electrical uses

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Polyethylene : PET

- Clear, very tough polymer
- Excellent barrier against O₂ and CO₂
- Good chemical resistance

- Soft drink bottles
- Fiber (the polyester 70s!!!)
- Magnetic tape (audio & video)





Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



High Density Polyethylene

- High density version of PE
- Excellent protective barrier properties & Strong
- Milk, juice & H₂O container
- Household chemicals
- Detergents



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Low Density Polyethylene

- Low density version of PE
- Offers clarity & flexibility
- Provides ductility

- Grocery & garbage bags
- Shrink & stretch films



Polypropylene

- “Workhorse” of plastics
- High tensile strength
- High melting point
- Good chemical resistance

- Packaging & carpeting
- Automotive & appliances

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Polystyrene

- Foamed or Expanded Polystyrene : EPS
- Exceptional insulation properties
- Foam cups & containers
- Foodservice products
- Packaging & protecting



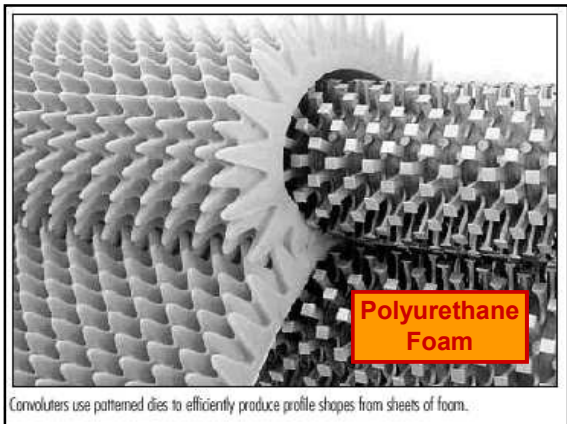


Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



Polyurethanes

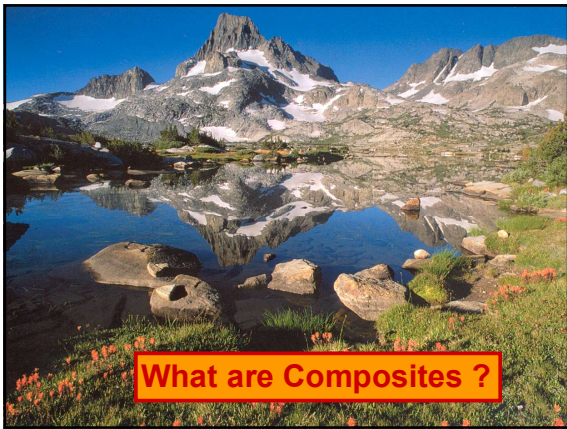
- **Foam : bedding, auto seats, cushioning, carpet underlay**
- **Insulation & flotation**
- **Polyurethane coatings**
- **Abrasion resistant : printing rolls, conveyor belts, gaskets & seals**



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)

- Chemical, abrasion & weather resistance
- Pipes & sidings
- Leather-like upholstery
- Gloves, boots & apparel



What are Composites ?

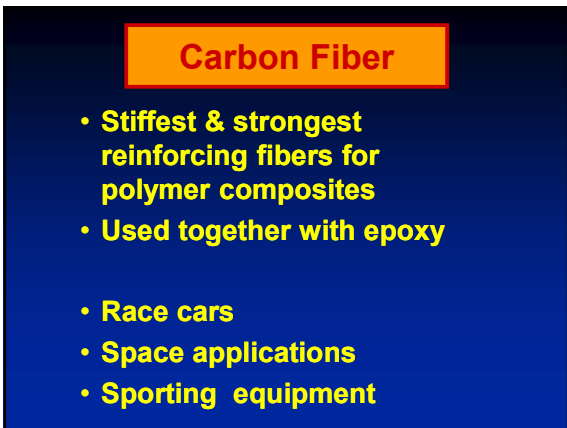
Introduction to Composites

- Made up of 2 or more components
 - Fibrous reinforcing network embedded in the cured resin matrix
 - Types of reinforcements → Fiberglass, Carbon fiber & Kevlar®
 - Thermosetting type resin is a plastic that cures from a liquid to a solid state
 - Polyester, Vinyl, Epoxy & Urethane

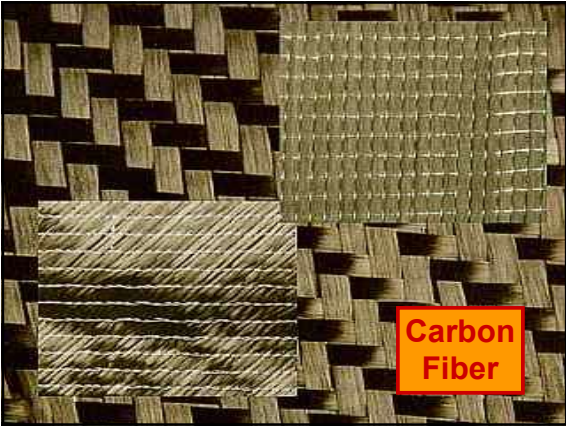
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Fiberglass

- Made of silicon oxide
- Produced by a spinning process
- Pulled through a nozzle from molten glass

- Reinforcing materials
- Automotive and naval industries, sporting equipment

Fiberglass Forms



Fiberglass Forms

- Surfacing Mat (Veil)
- Chopped Strand Mat
- Roving (Spool)
- Woven Roving
- Cloth (Hand Lay-up)

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

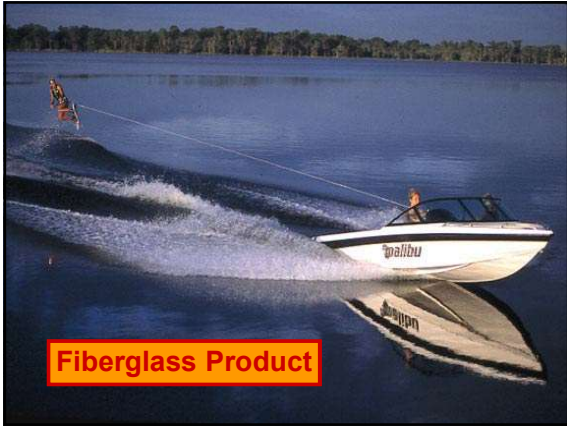




Fiberglass Advantages

- High strength
- Low price
- Dimensional stability
- Temperature resistance
- Corrosion resistance
- Low weight
- Excellent dielectric properties

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations





Types of Fiberglass

- E-glass and S-glass
- E-glass → Good electrical properties
- S-glass → Very strong, stiff, and temperature resistant

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Glass Fiber Reinforced Resin

- Most used composites
- Temp resistance & strength
- Impregnating fibers with liquid epoxy resins

- Aircraft components
- Casings for missiles, pipes, tanks, pressure vessels

Kevlar®

- Lightweight Flexible
 Comfortable
- High Tensile Strength
- Excellent Dimensional Stability
- High Flame Resistant
- High Chemical Resistant
- Used with epoxy or vinyl resin



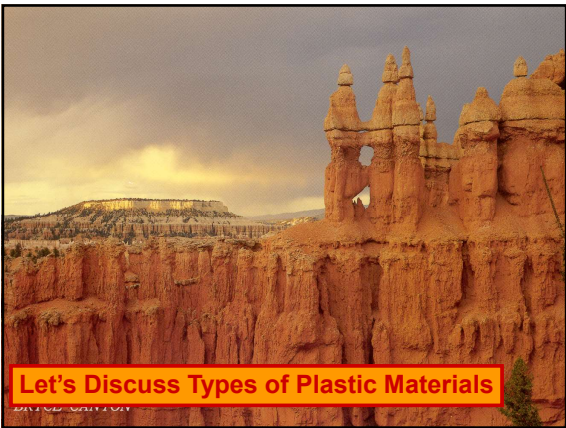
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Kevlar®

- Protective & Performance Apparel
- Composites : aircraft parts/boats
- Fiber-Optic Cables
- Tires
- Ropes & Cables
- Brake Pads & Clutch Linings
- Power Transmission Belts / Hoses



Kevlar Product



Let's Discuss Types of Plastic Materials

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Types of Plastic Materials

- **Thermoplastic Resins**
 - become fluid upon heating
 - repeatable & reversible process
 - no chemical change
 - no permanent change in physical prop.
 - readily extruded or molded
 - e.g.. film, fibers, bottles etc.

Polyethylene, Polystyrene & Polypropylene

Types of Plastic Materials

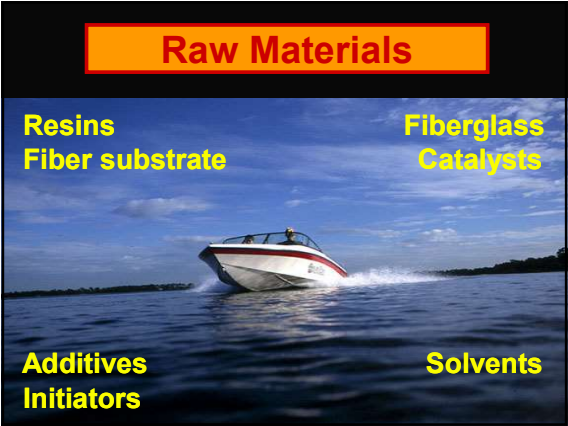
- **Thermosetting Resins**
 - irreversibly polymerizes and solidifies
 - chemical structure permanently altered
 - cannot be resoftened
 - process called curing or hardening
 - e.g.. Molding, casting, powder coating

Polyurethanes, Polyester & Epoxy resins

Thermoplastic vs. Thermosetting

Thermoplastic	Thermosetting
Faster molding Lower emissions Lower costs Easy recycling Low labor intensity	Design constraints Limited unit production Performance requirements Market demands

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Thermoset Resins

- **Two Common Types**
 - **Epoxy & Polyester**
 - **Molding, Laminating, Casting**
- **Epoxy**
 - **Higher Performance & Higher Price**
 - **High Strength, Weight Critical**
 - **Dimensionally Accurate Applications**



Polyester Resins

- **Building Blocks for Polyester Resins**
 - **Acids & Glycols Cooked Together**
 - **Dissolved in Styrene Monomer**
 - **Inhibitors Added to Delay Reaction**
- **Product Added to a Peroxide Catalyst**
 - **Unsaturated Portions of Monomer and Polyester React Together**
 - **Hard Solid Mass**

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



Fabrication With Polyesters

- Reinforcements such as a Glass Fiber in a Mold
- Saturated with Polyester Resin
- Resin Mixed with Catalyst Causing Crosslinking Reaction
- This Causes Resin to Harden from Liquid to Solid

- Polyester Resin in Fiberglass Boat Mfg.



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Fabrication With FRP

- Fabricating with Metals : Structure is Produced & External Paint is Applied
- Fabrication with FRP : Reverse
- Start with Mold
- Pigmented Polyester Coating (Gel Coat) is Applied to the Mold
- Structural Reinforcement is Built Using Fiber Glass & Polymer Resin
- Finished Part is Removed from Mold





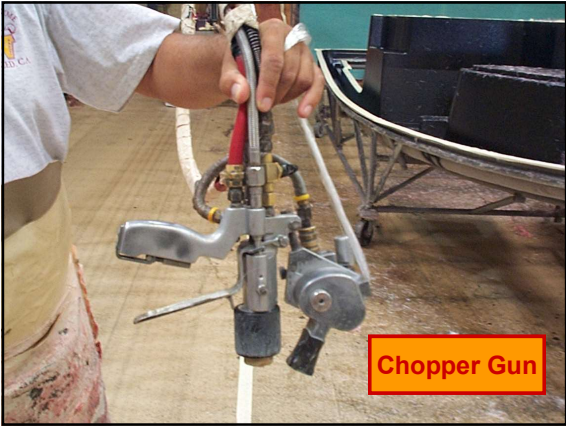
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Gel Coat Application : Spray Booth

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



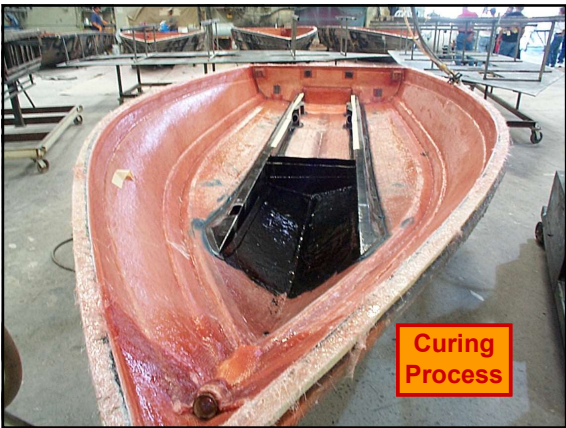




Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

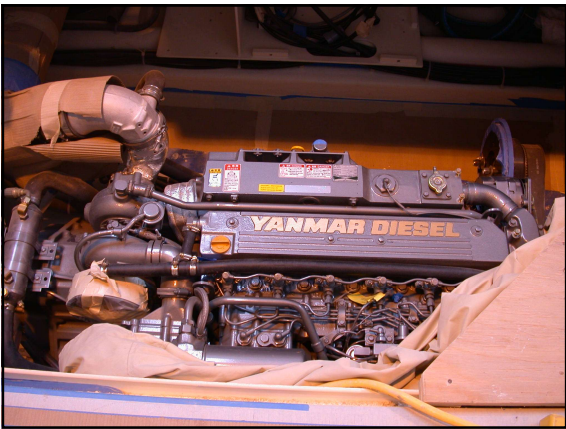






Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

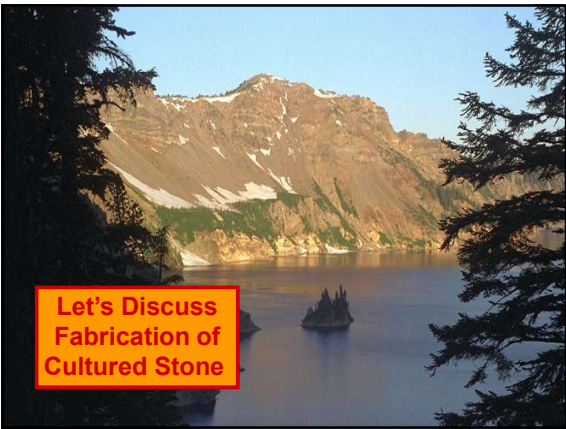






Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Cultured Marble

- **Consists of** →
 - Crushed Marble & Stone (Mined)
 - High Strength Polyester Resin
 - Protective Gel Coat on the Surface
- **Mixture is Poured into a Mold**
- **Allowed to cure and shrink**
- **Part is trimmed and polished**





Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Cultured Onyx

- **Consist of** →
 - Alumina Trihydrate
 - Polyester Resin Content 28 - 35%
 - Protective Gel Coat on the Surface
- **Products are translucent**
- **They have an added visual depth or a 3-D effect**



Cultured Granite

- **Consists of** →
 - Crushed Stone & Mineral Chips
 - Polyester Resin Content 40%
 - Protective Gel Coat
- **Offers the Beauty of Quarried Granite**
- **Low Cost**
- **Stain Resistant Coating**

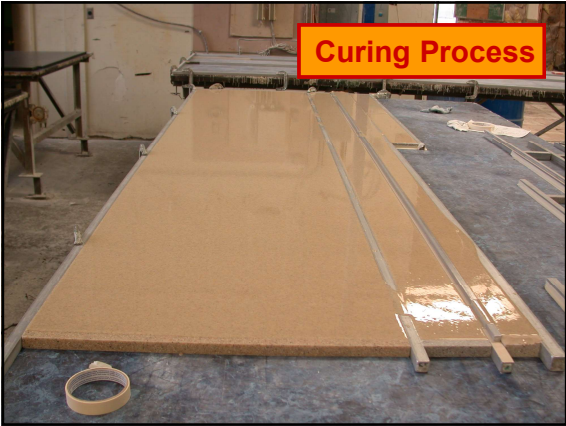
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







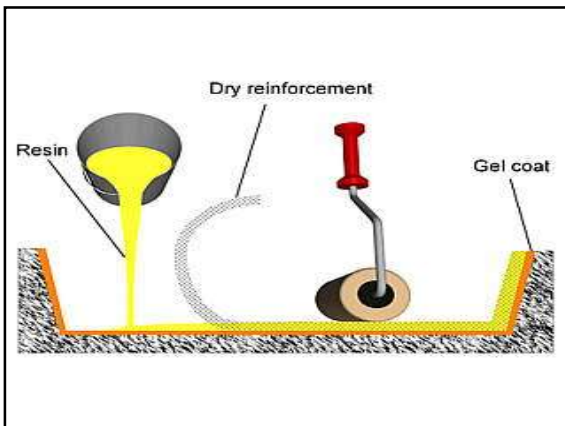
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Process and Control

- **Types of Open Molding Operations**
 - Hand lay-up & Spray-up
 - Continuous lamination
 - Pultrusion
 - Filament winding
 - Casting or molding
 - Infusion or scrimp

Hand Lay-Up

- **Simplest Type / Very Flexible**
- **Apply Gel Coat, Resin, Fiberglass by Hand**
- **Roller or Brushes Used for Resins**
- **High Strength to Weight Ratio**
- **High Styrene Emissions**
- **Suitable for Prototypes & Low Volume Production**



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







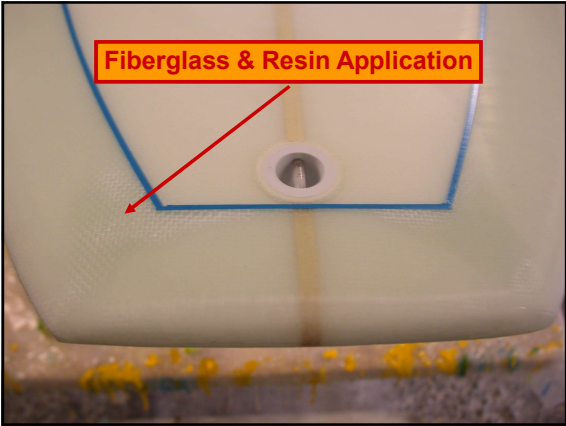
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



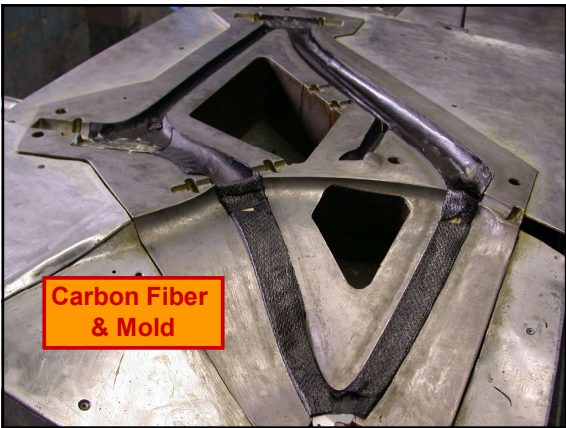




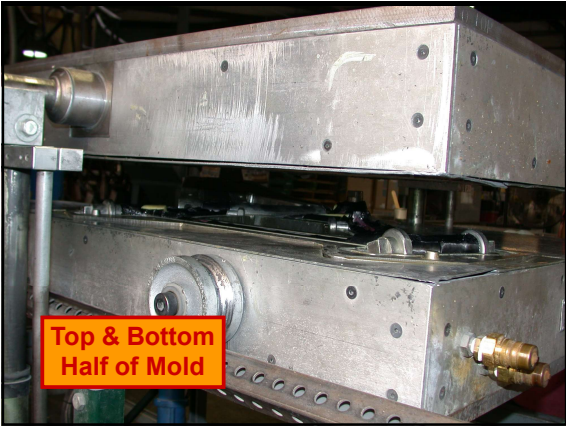
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

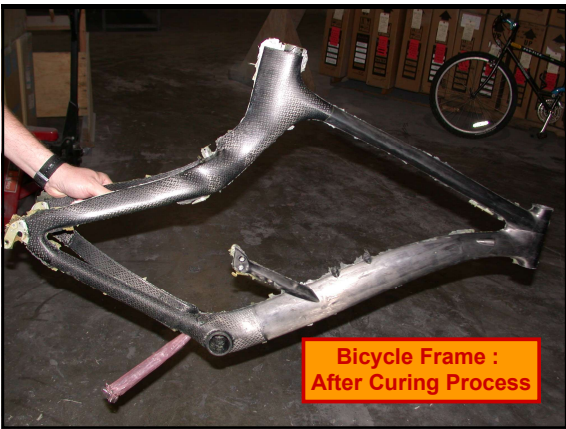






Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

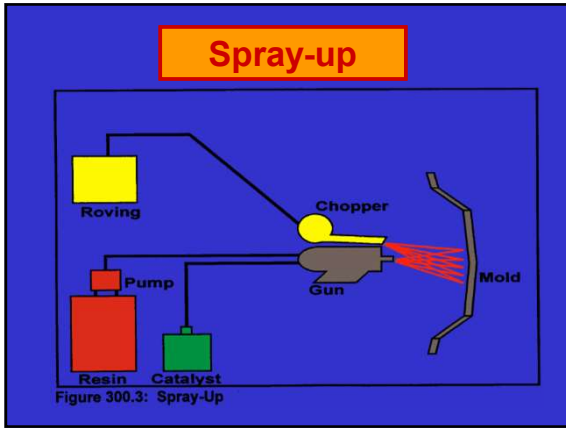


Spray-Up

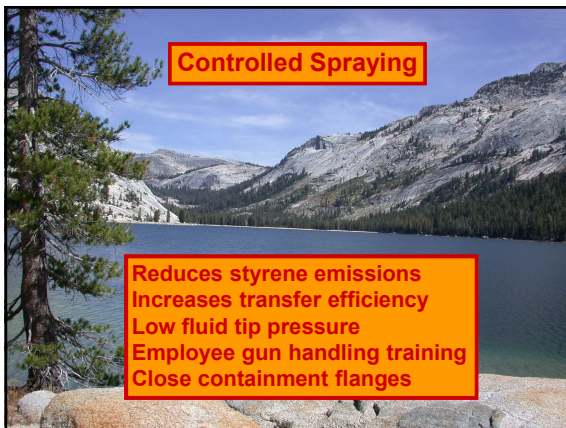
- Versatile Process
- Cost Effective Method of Producing Large Open-Molded Parts
- Chopped Fiberglass is Sprayed With
 - Catalyzed Resins onto Gel Coat
 - Compacted



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



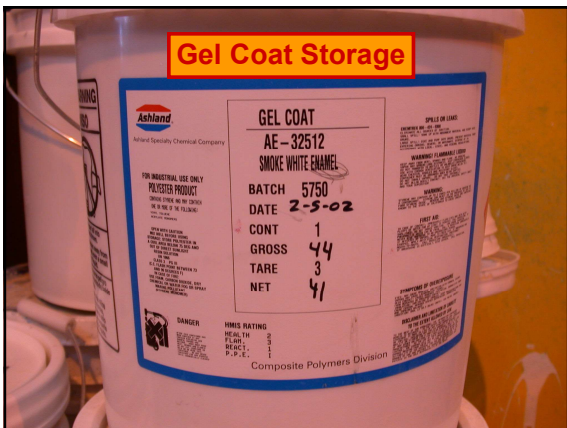




Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

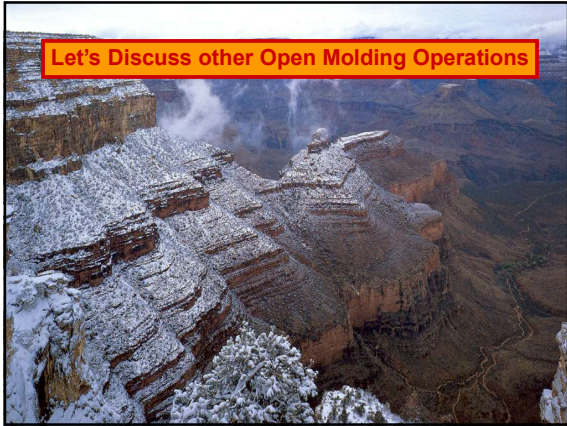
Approved Spray Guns

- High Pressure Airless Guns
- Air-Assist Airless Guns
- Electrostatic Spray
- High Volume Low Pressure (HVLP) *
- Fluid Impingement Technology (FIT) Spray Gun *



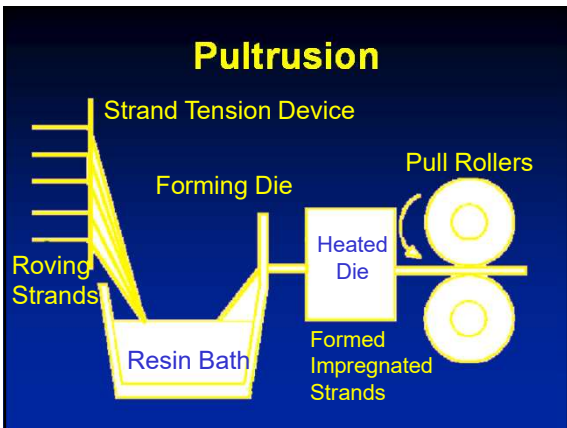


Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



Pultrusion

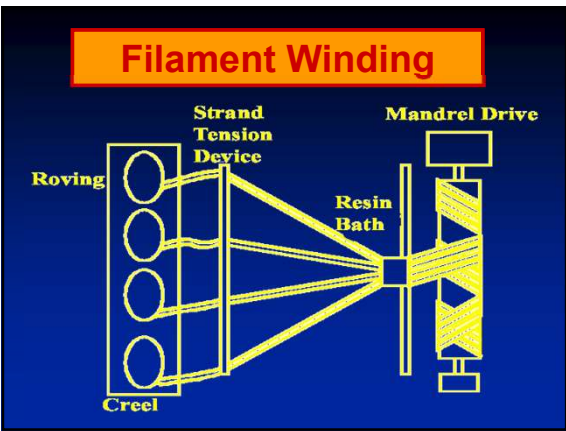
- Pulled extrusion process
- Fiberglass under tension
- Immersed in Resin bath or injection
- Pulled through forming die
- Pulled through heated die to cure
- Produces flat stock for cutting
- VOCs at resin bath and forming area

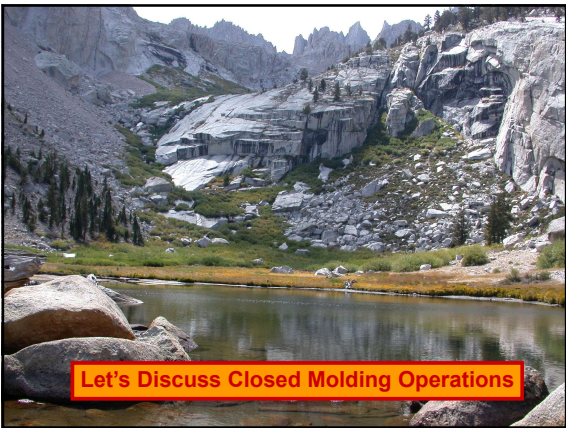


Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Filament Winding Operations

- Used in Manufacture of:
 - large pipes and storage tanks
 - hollow vessels subject to high internal pressure
- Strand Rovings are Pulled under Tension into a Resin bath
- Wound into Shape & Cured



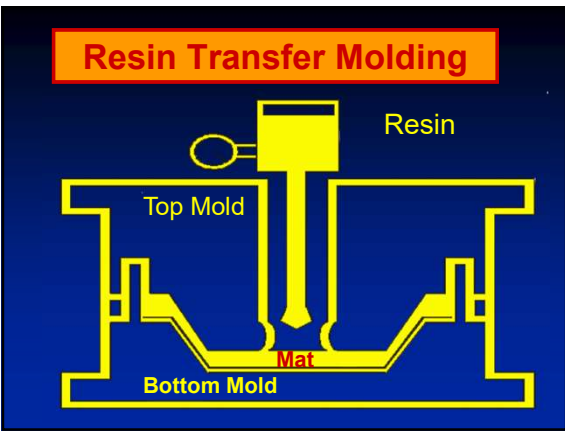


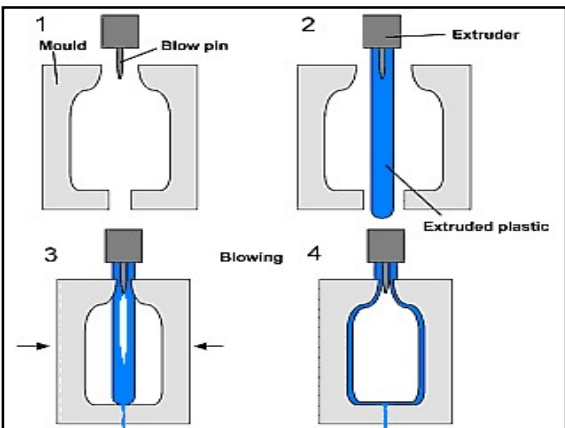
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Resin Transfer Molding

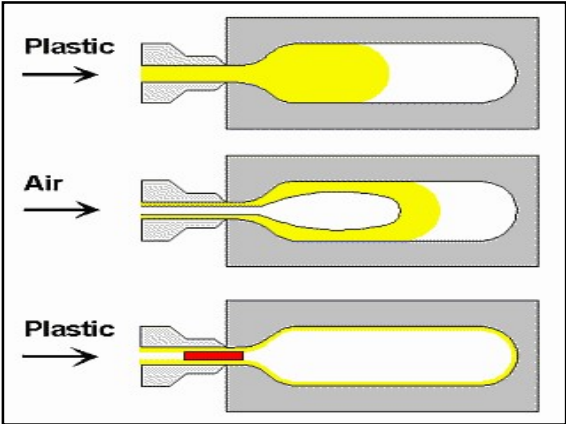
- Gel Coat is Applied to Mold
- Reinforcing Fibers are Placed into the Mold Cavity
- Mold Halves are Closed & Clamped
- Liquid Resin is Injected into the Mold Cavity

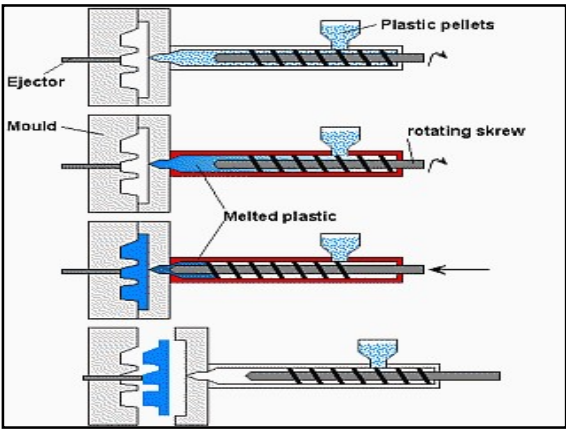
→ Suitable for High Vol. Production
→ Reduced VOC emissions





Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Emission Sources

- **Gel coat - Styrene Emissions**
 - Application (atomization)
 - Curing
- **Resin**
 - Styrene most common monomer
- **Mixing**
- **Clean-up solvents**

Application Step	38% Monomer	25% Monomer
Loss due to Atomization	5-7%	2-4%
Loss due to Curing	6-11%	4-9%
Total Loss	11-16%	8-11%

Process Materials

- **General Purpose Resins : 35% styrene**
- **Specialty Resins : <50% styrene**
- **Most AQMD Rules : 35% styrene**
- **Tough Low Profile Resins <35% styrene**
 - Higher viscosity
 - Need better surface prep
 - Need good wet-out procedures

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Solvents

- Acetone (widely used)
- Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)
- Dibasic Ester (DBE)
 - less volatile, less flammable than acetone
- Water-based resin emulsifiers
 - detergent cleaners





Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Clean-Up Rules

- Cleaning with Compounds 50 to 200 g/liter VOC
- Closed containers
- Self-Closing Containers
- Styrene soaked rags in closed containers





Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



Styrene : HAP Source

- **Unsaturated aromatic HC**
- **Petroleum By-Product**
- **In Polyesters :**
 - **Reactive Diluent**
- **Styrene : HAP (Hazardous Air Pollutants)**

Styrene : HAP Source

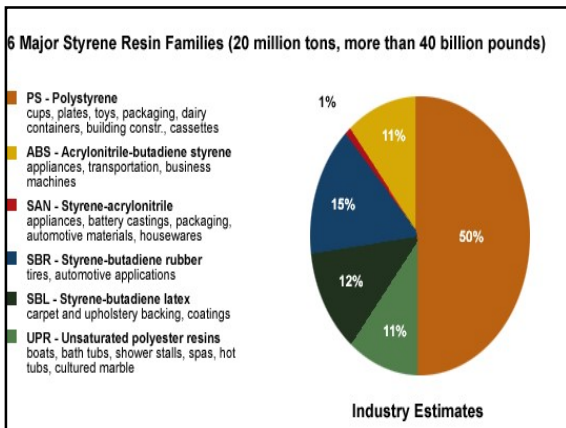
- **Foamed or Expanded Polystyrene : EPS**
- **Exceptional insulation properties**

- **Foam cups & containers**
- **Foodservice products**
- **Packaging & protecting**

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Styrene Emissions Determination Models

- A 540 lb. Drum of Gel Coat
→ 38% VOC
→ Applied by “Uncontrolled Spray” Techniques
⇒ Emit 100 lb. of Emissions
- Two Drums of Gel Coat/day
⇒ 25 Tons of Emissions/Yr





Let's Discuss VOC Control

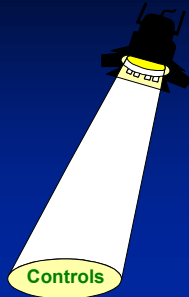
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Control of VOC Emissions

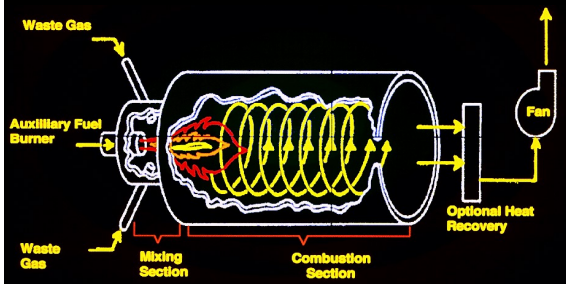
- Process change to control monomer emissions
- Low VOC Gel Coat
- Change from acetone to less volatile solvent
- Reclaim acetone (distill)
- ADD-ON equipment

Add-On Control Methods

- Incineration
- Absorption
- Adsorption
- Condensation



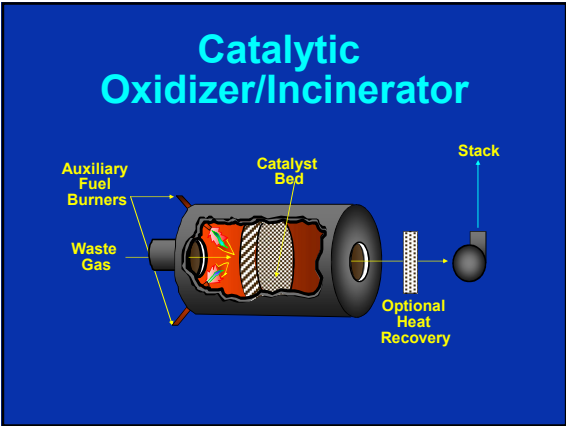
Thermal Oxidizer/Afterburner



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

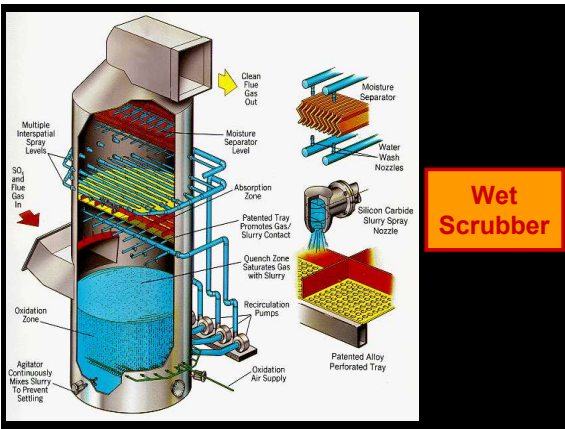


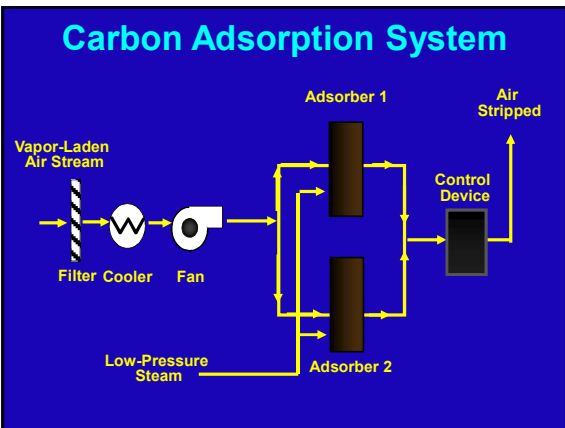




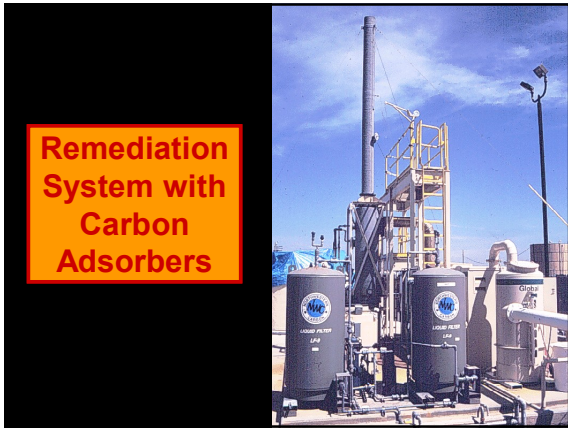
Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Federal Regulations

- **1990 Clean Air Act**
 - NESHAPS : National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
 - HAPS : Hazardous Air Pollutants
 - MACT : Maximum Achievable Control Technology
 - New & Existing Major Sources

Federal Regulations

- **40 CFR Part 63 Subpart VVVV -- NESHAP for Boat Manufacturing**
- **40 CFR Part 63 Subpart MMMM -- NESHAP for Flexible Polyurethane Foam Fabrication**

- **40 CFR Part 63 Subpart U -- NESHAP for Group I Polymers & Resins**
- **40 CFR Part 63 Subpart JJJ -- NESHAP for Group IV Polymers & Resins**


Federal Regulations

- **63 WWWW -- Reinforced Plastics Composites Production**
- **63 III -- Flexible Polyurethane Foam Production**
- **63 6O -- Area Source Flexible Polyurethane Foam**
- **63 YY -- Generic MACT Acetal Resins, Polycarbonate, etc.**
- **63 W -- Group II Polymers and Resins**
- **63 OOO -- Group III Polymers and Resins**
- **63 6L -- Area Source Acrylic and Modacrylic Fiber Production**
- **63 7H -- Polyvinyl Chloride and Copolymers Production**
- **63 6D -- Area Source Polyvinyl Chloride and Copolymers**
- **63 4H -- Wet Formed Fiberglass Mat**
- **60 HHH -- NSPS for Synthetic Fiber Production**
- **60 VVV -- NSPS for Polymeric Coating for Supporting Substrates**

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Operation (Open Mold – Boat Mfg)	Application Method	HAP Weight %
Tooling Gel Coat	Any Method	40%
Pigmented Gel Coat	Any Method	33%
Clear Gel Coat	Any Method	48%
Production Resin	Atomized (Spray)	28%
Tooling Resin	Atomized (Spray)	30%

BACT and BARCT	
Polyester Resin Material	Monomer Weight %
General Purpose Resin	<35%
Specialty Resin	< 50%
Clear Gel Coat	<50%
Pigmented Gel Coat	<45%

Typical Permit Conditions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Daily Emissions Limits • Gel Coat Monomer Content (weight %) • Resin Monomer Content (weight %) • Amount of Material Used • Cleaning Material • Logs 	

Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations




Reasons for Inspections



- Compliance determination
- Complaint investigation
- Source plan approval
- Review or renewal of permits
- Special studies.

Pre-Inspection

- Prepare inspection report form
- File review
- Regulation review
- Equipment check
- Pre-entry & entry
- Pre-inspection meeting
- Permit check.



Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations

Inspection

- Visible emission evaluation
- General upkeep & maintenance
- Maintenance records
- Operational records
- Any open containers?
- Self-closing containers
- Rags and waste in closed containers







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



Inspection

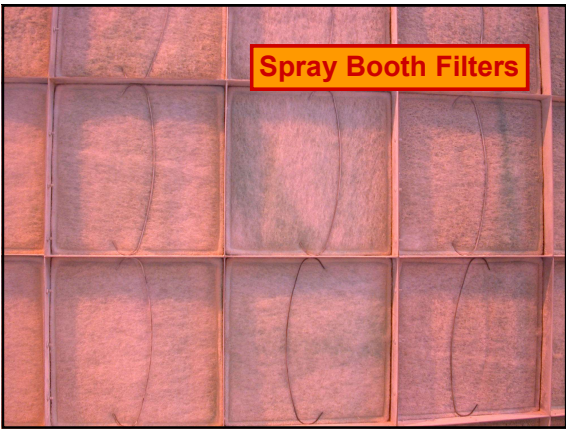
- Coating Application Equipment
- VOC content of solvents and other chemicals
- MSDS
- Spray Booths
- Dust control equipment
 - Filters and screens
 - Cleaned as often as necessary





Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations







Plastic Resins & Fiberglass Operations



